NOTES ON NEW AND NOTEWORTHY PLANTS. CXXIV

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ERIOCAULON PELLUCIDUM f. ROLLANDII (Rousseau) Mold., comb. nov. Eriocaulon rollandii Rousseau, Bull. Jard. Bot. Brux. 27: 372. 1957.

CALLICARPA STAPFII Mold. nom. nov.

Premna cauliflora Stapf, Trans. Linn. Soc. Lond. Bot. 4: 215. 1894 [not Callicarpa cauliflora Merr., Philip. Journ. Sci. Bot. 7: 338-339. 1912].

CALLICARPA HAVILANDII var. HISPIDA Mold., var. nov.

Haec varietas a forma typica speciei recedit ramis ramulisque petiolisque pedunculisque pedicellisque calycibusque dense longiterque hispidis, pilis fulvis rectis rigidis ca. 5 mm. longis.

This variety differs from the typical form of the species in having its branches, branchlets, petioles, peduncles, pedicels, inflorescence-branches, and calyxes densely and conspicuously long-hispid with fulvous, stiffly divergent, straight hairs about 5 mm. long

The type of the variety was collected by Shohei Kokawa and Mitsuru Hotta (no. 1245) between Kanpong Silam and the summit of Mount Silam, Lahad Datu District, at 870 meters altitude, Sabah, Malaysia, on November 15, 1969, and is deposited in the herbarium of the Forest Department at Sandakan, Sabah.

CALLICARPA KINABALUENSIS var. GIBOTII Mold., var. nov.

Haec varietas a forma typical speciei laminis foliorum coriaceis percrassis minoribus ellipticis 7--11 cm. longis 4--7 cm. latis supra bullato-rugosis subtus densissime stellato-tomentosis recedit.

This variety differs from the typical form and all other named subspecific taxa of this species in its leaf-blades being coriace-ous, very stiff and hard, regularly elliptic, apically acute, basally rounded, bullate-rugose above, and very densely stellate-tomentose beneath, mostly 7--11 cm. long and 4--7 cm. wide during anthesis.